		Mansfield: Now and then Driver: History Where does Mansfield fit in	the world?	Reading for Pleasure Class	Novel: The World Around Me (Lo	pok Closer)	
	Week 1 (w/c 5 th Sep)	Week 2 (w/c 12 th Sep)	Week 3 (19 th Sep)	Week 4 (w/c 26 th Sep)	Week 5 (w/c 3 rd Oct)	Week 6 (w/c 10 th Oct)	Week 7 (End of term)
Weekly	What do people in	What is it like to live in	Is Mansfield a city, town or	What makes Mansfield unique?	How can we look after the	Where does Mansfield fit in the	
question:	Mansfield like to do?	Mansfield today?	village?	what makes mansheld unique:	environment in Mansfield?	world?	
English	Vocab, grammar, and punctuation leaving spaces between words joining words and joining clauses using a beginning to punctuate sentences using a mark or exclamation mark using a capital letter for names of people personal pronoun 'l' learning the grammar for year 1 in Englis use the grammatical terminology in Engli Handwriting Pupils should be taught to: sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil co	As people do rite about ng it atives be heard by their peers and the teacher. And a capital letter and a full stop, question a, places, the days of the week, and the h Appendix 2 sh Appendix 2 in discussing their writing. Defortably and correctly breect direction, starting and finishing in the handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that se these. mes already taught er n alternative spellings of the same sound as as the plural marker for nouns and the hange is needed in the spelling of root par, eating, quicker, quickest] as listed in English Appendix 1 tated by the teacher that include words yords taught so far	Unit: Setting description Supporting Text: Poles Apart NC Link: Writing – Composition saying out loud what they are going to writing sequencing sentences to form short narrat re-reading what they have written to check discuss what they have written with the ter- read aloud their writing clearly enough to Vocab, grammar, and punctuation leaving spaces between words joining words and joining clauses using and beginning to punctuate sentences using and beginning to punctuate sentences using and beginning to punctuate sentences using and beginning the grammar for year 1 in English use the grammatical terminology in English Handwriting Pupils should be taught to: sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil corr begin to form lower-case letters in the corr right place form capital letters form digits 0-9 understand which letters belong to which formed in similar ways) and to practise the Spelling words containing each of the 40+ phonem common exception words the days of the week name the letters of the alphabet: naming the letters of the alphabet: using letter names to distinguish between add prefixes and suffixes: using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es third person singular marker for verbs using the spelling rules and guidance, a words [for example, helping, helped, helped apply simple spelling rules and guidance, a write from memory simple sentences dicta using the GPCs and common exception words Curriculum Link – History: What did p	g it tives k that it makes sense eacher or other pupils be heard by their peers and the teacher. d capital letter and a full stop, question places, the days of the week, and the Appendix 2 h Appendix 2 in discussing their writing. mfortably and correctly rect direction, starting and finishing in the handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are ese. es already taught r alternative spellings of the same sound as the plural marker for nouns and the ange is needed in the spelling of root er, eating, quicker, quickest] as listed in English Appendix 1 ated by the teacher that include words ords taught so far	right place form capital letters form digits 0-9 understand which letters belong to which formed in similar ways) and to practise th Spelling words containing each of the 40+ phonem common exception words the days of the week name the letters of the alphabet: naming the letters of the alphabet in order using letter names to distinguish between add prefixes and suffixes: using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es third person singular marker for verbs using the prefix un– using –ing, –ed, –er and –est where no ch words [for example, helping, helped, help apply simple spelling rules and guidance, a write from memory simple sentences dict using the GPCs and common exception we	The about ag it it is about ag it it is it is it is it is a sense eacher or other pupils is be heard by their peers and the teacher. and capital letter and a full stop, question is places, the days of the week, and the a Appendix 2 sh Appendix 2 in discussing their writing. Imfortably and correctly rrect direction, starting and finishing in the a handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are ese. hes already taught is a sthe plural marker for nouns and the ange is needed in the spelling of root ter, eating, quicker, quickest] as listed in English Appendix 1 rated by the teacher that include words	

Enrichment	E <u>Media/Visual Literacy: ,</u> Google earth, VR/interactive video						
SPAG Focus	To use subject, predicate stop. To start a sentence with a capital letter. To use finger spaces. To use a full stop.	To use subject, predicate stop. To start a sentence with a capital letter. To use finger spaces. To use a full stop.	To use subject, predicate stop. To start a sentence with a capital letter. To use finger spaces. To use a full stop.	To use subject, predicate stop. To start a sentence with a capital letter. To use finger spaces. To use a full stop.	To use subject, predicate stop. To start a sentence with a capital letter. To use finger spaces. To use a full stop.		

To use subject, predicate stop. To start a sentence with a capital letter. To use finger spaces. To use a full stop. To use subject, predicate stop. To start a sentence with a capital letter. To use finger spaces. To use a full stop.

						1 -
	Unit: Place value	Unit: Place value	Unit: Place value value	Unit: Place value	Unit: Place value	<u>l</u> s
	Count numbers to 10 accurately	Use the terms 'more than' and	To learn different ways of making	Use their understanding of	Add two different numbers within 10	s
	— forwards and backwards	'less than' as key terms.	numbers using number bond	number bonds to create number	Add by counting on	b
	Count similar objects up to 10	<u>c</u> ompare numbers using the	diagrams.	stories using pictorial	complete number sentences and	
	with accuracy and fluency.	terms '1 more than' and '1 less		representations	gain an understanding of inverse	S
	Read and write all numbers to	than'	NC Link:		operations	S
	10 in numerals and in words		Given a number, identify one		Make addition stories	S
			more and one less Identify and			1
	NC Link:	NC Link:	represent numbers using objects	NC Link:		S
	Given a number, identify one	Given a number, identify one	and pictorial representations	Given a number, identify one		S
	more and one less Identify and	more and one less Identify and	including the number line, and	more and one less Identify and		
	represent numbers using	represent numbers using objects	use the language of: equal to,	represent numbers using objects	NC Link:	
	objects and pictorial	and pictorial representations	more than, less than (fewer),	and pictorial representations	Given a number, identify one	
	representations including the	including the number line, and	most, least	including the number line, and	more and one less Identify and	
	number line, and use the	use the language of: equal to,	read and write numbers from 1	use the language of: equal to,	represent numbers using objects	r
	language of: equal to, more	more than, less than (fewer),	to 20 in numerals and words.	more than, less than (fewer),	and pictorial representations	
	than, less than (fewer), most, least	most, least read and write numbers from 1	read, write and interpret	most, least read and write numbers from 1	including the number line, and use the language of: equal to,	i
	read and write numbers from 1	to 20 in numerals and words.	mathematical statements	to 20 in numerals and words.	more than, less than (fewer),	"u
	to 20 in numerals and words.	read, write and interpret	involving addition (+),	read, write and interpret	most, least	n
	read, write and interpret	mathematical statements	subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs	mathematical statements	read and write numbers from 1	n
	mathematical statements	involving addition (+),	represent and use number bonds	involving addition (+),	to 20 in numerals and words.	r
	involving addition (+),	subtraction (–) and equals (=)	and related subtraction facts	subtraction (–) and equals (=)	read, write and interpret	t
	subtraction (–) and equals (=)	signs	within 20	signs	mathematical statements	r
	signs	represent and use number bonds	add and subtract one-digit and	represent and use number bonds	involving addition (+),	n
s	represent and use number	and related subtraction facts	two-digit numbers to 20,	and related subtraction facts	subtraction (–) and equals (=)	i
Maths	bonds and related subtraction	within 20	including zero	within 20	signs	S
2	facts within 20	add and subtract one-digit and	solve one-step problems that	add and subtract one-digit and	represent and use number bonds	S
	add and subtract one-digit and	two-digit numbers to 20,	involve addition and subtraction,	two-digit numbers to 20,	and related subtraction facts	r
	two-digit numbers to 20,	including zero	using concrete objects and	including zero	within 20	a
	including zero	solve one-step problems that	pictorial representations, and	solve one-step problems that	add and subtract one-digit and	
	solve one-step problems that	involve addition and subtraction,	missing number problems.	involve addition and subtraction,	two-digit numbers to 20,	t a
	involve addition and	using concrete objects and		using concrete objects and	including zero solve one-step problems that	li
	subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial	pictorial representations, and missing number problems.		pictorial representations, and missing number problems.	involve addition and subtraction,	s
	representations, and missing				using concrete objects and	i
	number problems.				pictorial representations, and	U
	number problems.				missing number problems.	p
						n
	I	<u> </u>		I	1	1

Unit: Addition and Subtraction

- subtract using number bonds solve a subtraction sentence by counting back, using a number line as support. Introduce parts and wholes
- Step 2 Part-whole model
- Step 3 Write number sentences
- Step 4 Fact families addition facts
- Step 5 Number bonds within 10
- Step 6 Systematic number bonds within 10
- Step 7 Number bonds to 10
- Step 8 Addition add together

NC Link:

- Given a number, identify one more and one less Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least
- read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. read, write and interpret mathematical statements
- involving addition (+),
- subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs
- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20,
- including zero
- solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction,
- using concrete objects and
- pictorial representations, and missing number problems.

Unit: Addition and Subtraction

Addition – add more Step 10 Addition problems Step 11 Find a part Step 12 Subtraction – find a part Step 13 Fact families – the eight facts Step 14 Subtraction – take away/cross out (How many left?) Step 15 Take away (How many left?) Step 16 Subtraction on a number line Add or subtract 1 or 2

NC Link:

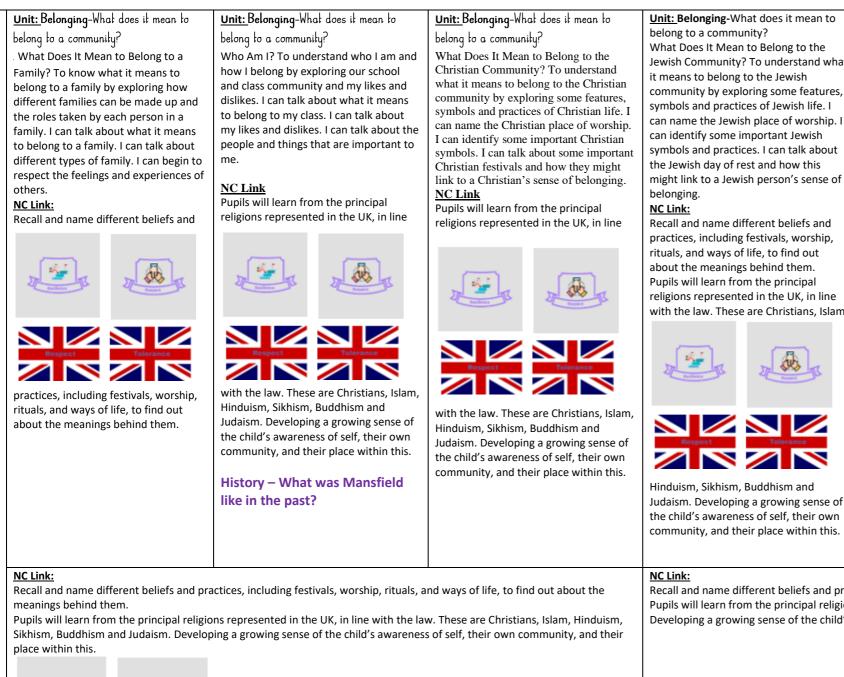
Given a number, identify one more and one less Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 add and subtract onedigit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.

					<u> </u>		
-	Unit: Seasonal change	Unit: Seasonal change Lesson: To know the names of the 4	Unit: Seasonal change Lesson: To know the changes from	Unit: Seasonal change Lesson: To know that changes from	Unit: Seasonal change Lesson: To know the changes from	Unit: Seasonal change Lesson: To understand that the weather	<u>Unit: Seasonal change</u> <u>Lesson: To know how day</u>
	weather	seasons	summer to autumn	Autumn to Winter	Winter to spring	effects our activities	length varies Maths: Counting and measuring
Science	NC Link: Working scientifically: -asking simple questions and recognising -observing closely, using simple equipme -performing simple tests -identifying and classifying -using their observations and ideas to su -gathering and recording data to help in	uggest answers to questions	rs	Pupils should observe and talk about chan Note: Pupils should be warned that it is no	associated with the seasons and how day lenginges in the weather and the seasons. The safe to look directly at the Sun, even wher	-	
	Unit: Technology around us.	Unit: Technology around us.	Unit: Technology around us.	Unit: Technology around us.	Unit: Technology around us.	Unit: Technology around us.	
	<u>Lesson: Technology around us.</u> LO: To identify technology.	<u>Lesson: Using technology.</u> LO: To identify a computer and its main parts.	Lesson: Developing mouse skills. LO: To use a mouse in different ways.	Lesson: Using a computer keyboard. LO: To use a keyboard to type on a computer.	Lesson: Developing keyboard skills. LO: To use the keyboard to edit text Curriculum link: Literacy – Adding	<u>Lesson: Using a computer</u> <u>responsibly.</u> LO: To create rules for using technology responsibly.	
<u>ه</u>	p				labels and captions (publish your work on an iPad.)		
Computing	 NC link: Understand what algorithms are, how they are implemented as programs on digital devices, and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Create and debug simple programs Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school 						
Geography							

Unit: Technology around us.	
<u>Lesson: Using a computer</u> <u>responsibly.</u> LO: To create rules for using technology responsibly.	
us instructions	

		Unit: Mansfield: This is me	Unit: Mansfield: This is me	Unit: Mansfield: This is me	Unit: Mansfield: This is me	Unit: Mansfield:	Unit: Mansfield: This is me			
		Chronology	Cause and significant events	Consequence and legacy	childhood	This is me	Life and death			
		Lesson: Which toys did children play	Lesson: How have toys changed	Lesson: What happened in Mansfield in	Lesson: What happened in Mansfield in	Significant people and impact	Lesson: Why was life dangerous for			
		with? Chronology of toys from	since our grandparent's time?	the past?	the past? Schools		children?			
		grandparents to present day NC Link events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	NC Link events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	Mansfield houses in the past NC Link events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	NC Link events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally	Lesson: Who is Rebecca Adlington? NC Link events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.	NC Link events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally			
istory	History	Observe or handle evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past. Ask questions such as: What was it like for people? What happened? How long ago?		Curriculum Link – English: Summarising Jobs		Rule of Law				
	_	Curriculum Link – English:								
		Clothesline clues to jobs people do	Liberty		Liberty					
		Liberty								
		Unit: Colour	Unit: Colour	Unit: Colour	Unit: Colour					
			<u>om: colour</u>							
		Lesson Do I know the names of the primary colours? Matisse	Lesson: How do artists use colour?	Lesson: How Can I use colour?	Lesson: Can I create my own art work using colour?					
	Art	NC Link: • to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. • to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences, and imagination. • to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form, and space.								
		Pupils taught about the work of a range c	of artists, craft makers and designers, descril	ping the differences and similarities betweer	n different practices and disciplines, and mal	king links to their own work.				

		1	1	1					
	Charanga Unit: Hey you!	Charanga Unit: Hey you!	Charanga Unit: Hey you!	Charanga Unit: Hey you!	Charanga Unit: Hey you!	Charanga Unit: Hey you!			
	Lesson 1:	Lesson 2:	Lesson 3:	Lesson 4:	Lesson 5:	Lesson 6:			
	a. Warm-up Games	a. Warm-up Games	a. Warm-up Games	a. Warm-up Games	a. Warm-up Games	a. Warm-up Games			
	b. Flexible Games	b. Flexible Games	b. Flexible Games	b. Flexible Games	b. Flexible Games	b. Flexible Games			
	(optional)	(optional)	(optional)	(optional)	(optional)	(optional)			
	c. Start to learn the song	c. Sing the song Hey You!	c. Sing the song Hey You!	c. Sing the song Hey You!	c. Sing the song Hey You!	c. Sing the song Hey You!			
	Hey You!	d. Play instrumental parts	d. Play instrumental parts	d. Play instrumental parts	d. Play instrumental parts	d. Choose and play any of			
			e. Improvise (optional extension activities for	e. Improvise option	e. Improvise option	the options below, then decide which one to			
				(optional extension activities for	(optional extension activities for	practise for the			
	NC Link:	NC Link:	improvisation)	improvisation)	improvisation)	end-of-unit performance:			
	Use their voices expressively and	Use their voices expressively and	NC Link:	f. Compose	f. Play your composition(s)	. Play instrumental parts			
	creatively by singing songs and	creatively by singing songs and	Use their voices expressively and		within the song	. Improvise option			
	speaking chants and	speaking chants and	creatively by singing songs and	NC Link:	within the song	. Play your composition(s)			
	Rhymes.	Rhymes.	speaking chants and	Use their voices expressively and	NC Link:	within the song			
	Play tuned and untuned	Play tuned and untuned instruments	Rhymes.	creatively by singing songs and	Use their voices expressively and	Choose and play any of			
	instruments musically	musically	Play tuned and untuned instruments	speaking chants and	creatively by singing songs and	the options below, then			
<u>.</u>	Listen with concentration and	Listen with concentration and	musically	Rhymes.	speaking chants and	decide which one to			
Music	understanding to a range of high-	understanding to a range of high-	Listen with concentration and	Play tuned and untuned instruments	Rhymes.	practise for the			
Σ	quality live and recorded	quality live and recorded	understanding to a range of high-	musically	Play tuned and untuned instruments	end-of-unit performance			
	Music.	Music.	quality live and recorded	Listen with concentration and	musically				
	Experiment with, create, select and	Experiment with, create, select and	Music.	understanding to a range of high-	Listen with concentration and	NC Link:			
	combine sounds using the inter-	combine sounds using the inter-	Experiment with, create, select and	quality live and recorded	understanding to a range of high-	Use their voices expressively and			
	related dimensions	related dimensions	combine sounds using the inter-	Music.	quality live and recorded	creatively by singing songs and			
	of music.	of music.	related dimensions	Experiment with, create, select and	Music.	speaking chants and			
	of music.	of music.	of music.	combine sounds using the inter-	Experiment with, create, select and	Rhymes.			
			of music.	related dimensions	combine sounds using the inter-	Play tuned and untuned instruments			
				of music.	related dimensions	musically			
					of music.	Listen with concentration and			
					of music.	understanding to a range of high-			
						quality live and recorded			
						Music.			
						Experiment with, create, select and			
						combine sounds using the inter-			
						related dimensions			
						of music.			
						of music.			
	Unit: Multi Skills	Unit: Multi Skills	Unit: Multi Skills	Unit: Multi-Skills	Unit: Multi-Skills	Unit: Multi-Skills			
	Lesson: Balance	Lesson : Balance	Lesson: Agility	Lesson: Agility	Lesson: agility and balance	Lesson: Agility and balance			
				Lessen, Burch					
	NC link:	NC link:			uding running, jumping, throwing and c	atching, as well as developing balance, a	gility and co-ordination, and		
		education aims to ensure that all pupils	:	begin to apply these in a rang					
	 develop competence to excel in a broad range of physical activities 				-	d defending			
	 are physically active for sustained periods of time 			participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending					
PE	 engage in competitive sports and activities 								
	 lead healthy, active lives. 								
	• lead healthy, active lives.	• lead healthy, active lives.							
		Respect			Respect				
	Resilience Respect	Rospoor		Techner T					



Unit: Belonging-What does it mean to belong to a community? What Does It Mean to Belong to the Jewish Community? To understand what it means to belong to the Jewish community by exploring some features, symbols and practices of Jewish life. I can name the Jewish place of worship. I can identify some important Jewish symbols and practices. I can talk about the Jewish day of rest and how this might link to a Jewish person's sense of

Recall and name different beliefs and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals, and ways of life, to find out about the meanings behind them. Pupils will learn from the principal religions represented in the UK, in line with the law. These are Christians, Islam,



NC Link:



Unit: Belonging-What does it mean to

. What Does It Mean to Belong to the

Muslim Community? To understand

what it means to belong to the Muslim

community by exploring some features,

symbols and practices of Muslim life. I

can identify some important Muslim

symbols and practices. I can talk about

the Islamic birth ceremony of Aqiqah

Recall and name different beliefs and

practices, including festivals, worship,

rituals, and ways of life, to find out

about the meanings behind them.

Pupils will learn from the principal

and explain how a new baby is

welcomed into the Muslim faith.

can name the Muslim place of worship. I

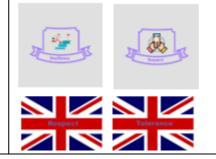
belong to a community?

religions represented in the UK, in line with the law. These are Christians, Islam, Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism and Judaism. Developing a growing sense of the child's awareness of self, their own community, and their place within this.



RE

Recall and name different beliefs and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals, and ways of life, to find out about the meanings behind them. Pupils will learn from the principal religions represented in the UK, in line with the law. These are Christians, Islam, Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism and Judaism. Developing a growing sense of the child's awareness of self, their own community, and their place within this.



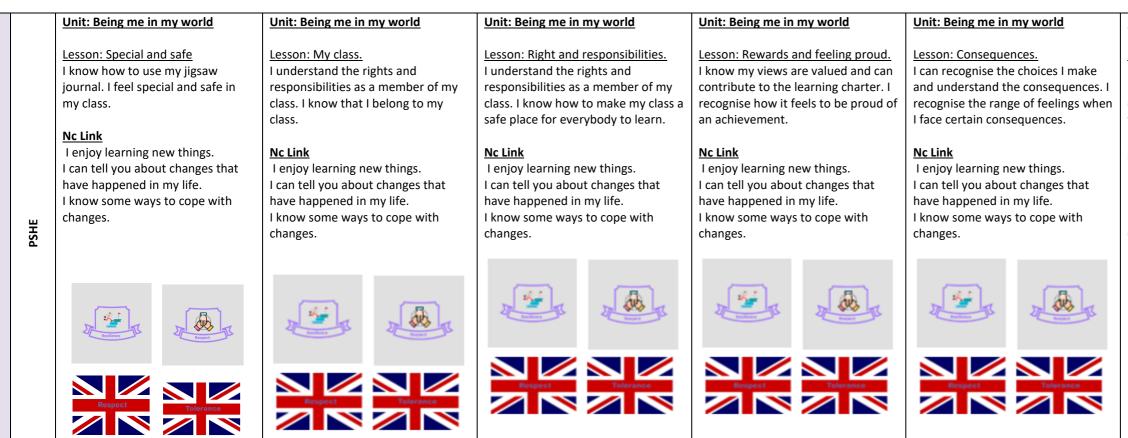
Unit: Belonging-What does it mean to belong to a community?

Symbols and Belonging To know how symbols are used in religions by thinking about what symbols mean and how they express a community's way of life. To link this to their own experiences. I can recall and name religious objects from 2 different religions. I can talk about how symbols are used in different religious. I can think about symbols in my life and how they impact my sense of belonging. NC Link:

Recall and name different beliefs and practices, including festivals, worship, rituals, and ways of life, to find out about the meanings behind them. Pupils will learn from the principal religions represented in the UK, in line with the law. These are Christians, Islam,



Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism and Judaism. Developing a growing sense of the child's awareness of self, their own community, and their place within this.



Unit: Being me in my world	
Lesson: Owning our learning charter.	
I understand my rights and	
responsibilities within our learning	
charter. I understand my choices in	
following the learning charter.	
<u>Nc Link</u>	
I enjoy learning new things.	
I can tell you about changes that	
have happened in my life. I know some ways to cope with	
changes.	
changes.	
The second second	
Respect Tolerance	