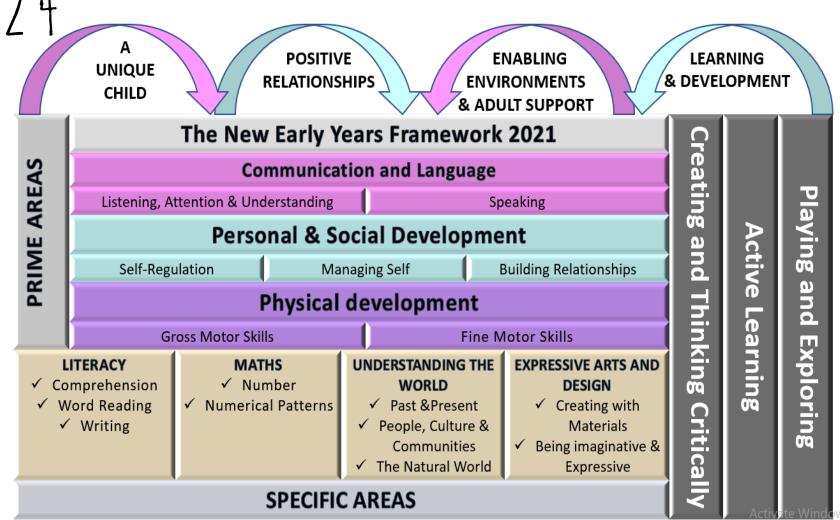
EYFS LONG Term Plan 23-24



	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES NB: THESE THEMES MAY BE ADAPTED AT VARIOUS POINTS TO ALLOW FOR CHILDREN'S INTERESTS TO FLOW THROUGH THE PROVISION WELL-BEING & BEHAVIOUR FOR LEARNING	WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT? This is me and my family Likes and dislikes My house A place called home The three little pigs Harvest festival What makes me special My family / PSED focus What am I good at? How do I make others feel? Being kind / staying safe	GELEBRATE? Birthdays Halloween Weddings Remembrance Day Diwali Bonfire The Nativity At the Panto Christmas Lists Letters to Father Christmas Hannukah Black History Month	A superhero like you Emergency services Police/ medical/ fire Community helpers – Retail, waste collector, homeless charities etc. Health and Beauty Incl dentist	CAPES? Supertato The Baddies Lost and Found	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE? The Emperors Egg The Polar Bear The Ugly five Meerkat Mail	WHERE DO ANIMLAS LIVE? Rumble In the Jungle Giraffes can't dance The Coral Reef Shark in the Dark Twist and Hop Minibeast Bop
POSSIBLE TEXTS	Super Me! We are Family The very hungry Worry Monsters Grow Strong-A book about healthy habits Its Harvest Time Sharing a shell It's great to work together	Pumpkin Soup Sparks in the sky The poppy Story Rama and Sita Mr Birthday Little Miss Birthday Santa Post The Christmas Story	A superhero like you Clive is a Nurse PC Ben Fire Fighter	Supertato The Baddies Lost and Found	The Emperors Egg The Polar Bear The Ugly five Meerkat Mail	Rumble In the Jungle Giraffes can't dance The Coral Reef Shark in the Dark Twist and Hop Minibeast Bop
'WOW' MOMENTS / ENRICHMENT WEEKS	Police/ Fire/Nurse / Firefighter visit Roald Dahl Day Harvest Festival Harvest Time Birthdays Favourite Songs Talent show Halloween What do I want to be when I	Guy Fawkes / Bonfire Night Christmas Time / Nativity Diwali Hannukah Black History Month Remembrance day Road Safety Stories by the Fireside World Space Week Children in Need	Meet the creature World Book Day Martin Luther king Day Burns Night Little City UK Chinese New Year Safer internet day	Easter Lent St Davids Day Mathers Day St Patrick's Day Global Recycling Day	Captivating creatures Earth Day St Georges Day Passover	Food tasting – different cultures Yorkshire Wildlife Park Start of Ramadan Eid Father Day World Environmental Day Kings Official Birthday Make Music Day Shark Awareness Day

<u>RECEPTION</u>	LONG TERM F)LAN 23-24

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AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2





Characteristics of Effective Learning

Playing and exploring: -Play and exploration in early years settings means children are able to choose and engage in their own activities, where they can develop through firsthand experiences—by actively 'doing'.

Active learning: - Children learn through experience, they maintain concentration and continue to try when difficulties occur, children enjoy making achievements and thinking critically.

Creating and thinking critically: - Children have their own ideas to develop, make links in learning and experiences and develop strategies to complete activities. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve problems and reach conclusions.

Unique Child: Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.

Positive Relationships: Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum.

Excellence: Children are exposed to real life experiences which provide them with excellent learning opportunities. Children develop the quality of becoming outstanding learners and achievers.

Respect: Children's wishes and feelings are respected. They develop respect for each other and the adults around them with every individual feeling valued. Friendship: Children develop friendships which help them develop socially, emotionally and mentally. Through quality interactions with peers and staff they learn social skills such as how to communicate and solve problems cooperatively.



	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT?	HOW DOES THE WORLD CELEBRATE ?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE?
ASSEMBLIES / SHARING CIRCLES These will mirror the principles and values of our school & The Avanti Way. We will 'dip in and out of each area' each term as and when we need to.	Rule of law We all know that we have rules at school that we must follow. We know who to talk to if we do not feel safe. We know right from wrong. We recognise that we are accountable for our actions. We must work together as a team when it is necessary.	Mutual respect and Tolerance We are all unique. We respect differences between different people and their beliefs in our community, in this country and all around the world. All cultures are learned, respected, and celebrated. Mutual tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith.	Democracy We all have the right to be listened to. We respect everyone and we value their different ideas and opinions. We have the opportunity to play with who we want to play with. We listen with intrigue and value and respect the opinions of others.	Mutual respect and Tolerance We are all unique. We respect differences between different people and their beliefs in our community, in this country and all around the world. All cultures are learned, respected, and celebrated. Mutual tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith.	Democracy We all have the right to be listened to. We respect everyone and we value their different ideas and opinions. We have the opportunity to play with who we want to play with. We listen with intrigue and value and respect the opinions of others.	Individual liberty We all have the right to have our own views. We are all respected as individuals. We feel safe to have a go at new activities. We understand and celebrate the fact that everyone is different.
ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITIES	In-house - Baseline data on entry National Baseline data by end of term Set up Tapestry Phonic Intervention groups Develop floor books	GLD Projections for EOY On going assessments Baseline analysis Pupil progress meetings Parents evening info EYFS team meetings In house moderation Midterm Assessments	Network meetings Trust moderation EYFS team meetings Internal moderations Speech and Language intervention Floor book moderation	Pupil progress meetings Parents evening info EYFS team meetings Ki Track analysis	Network meetings Trust moderation EYFS team meetings Internal moderations Speech and Language intervention Floor book moderation	Pupil progress meetings Parents evening info EYFS team meetings Ki Track EOY data
PARENTAL Involvement	Stay and Play Harvest Assembly Home / School Agreement Proud Clouds Phonics workshop	Proud Clouds Nativity Maths workshop Parents Evening Stay and play	Proud Clouds Writing workshop Share a story Stay and Read morning Look at me! Talent show!	Proud Clouds Parents Evening Stay and Play School trip Share a story	Proud Clouds Share a story Maths Morning – Look how far we have come! School Trip	Proud Clouds Share a story Parents Evening Teddy Bears Picnic Stay and Play

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
GENERAL THEMES	WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT?	HOW DOES THE WORLD CELEBRATE ?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE ?	
COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE Talk to parents about what language they speak at home, try and learn a few key words and celebrate multilingualism in your setting.	The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.						
Whole EYFS Focus – C&L is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, sharing circles, PSHE times, stories, singing, speech and language interventions, real life experiences productions, assemblies and weekly interventions, daily shared stories.	Welcome to EYFS Settling in activities Making friends Children talking about experiences that are familiar to them What are your passions / goals / dreams? This is me! Rhyming and alliteration Familiar Print Sharing facts about me! Asking questions about heroes. Commenting on different jobs Role play dream jobs	Tell me a story! Develop vocabulary Discovering Passions Tell me a story - retelling stories Story language Word hunts Listening and responding to stories Following instructions Takes part in discussion Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Use new vocabulary through the day. Choose books that will develop their vocabulary.	Tell me why! Using language well Ask's how and why questions Discovering Passions Retell a story with story language Story invention – talk it! Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Describe events in some detail. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Learn rhymes, poems and songs.	Talk it through! Settling in activities Describe events in detail – time connectives Discovering Passions Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Use picture cue cards to talk about an object: "What colour is it? Where would you find it? Sustained focus when listening to a story	What happened? Settling in activities Discovering Passions Re-read some books so children learn the language necessary to talk about what is happening in each illustration and relate it to their own lives	Time to share! Show and tell Weekend news Discovering Passions Read aloud books to children that will extend their knowledge of the world and illustrate a current topic. Select books containing photographs and pictures, for example, places in different weather conditions and seasons.	

RECEPTIO	N LONG TERM	PLAN 23-24

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	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
GENERAL THEMES	What makes us	HOW DOES THE WORLD	DO ALL HEROES WEAR	DO ALL HEROES WEAR	WHERE DO ANIMALS	WHERE DO ANIMALS	
	DIFFERENT?	CELEBRATE ?	CAPES ?	CAPES ?	LIVE ?	LIVE ?	
PERSONAL, SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.						
MANAGING SELF SELF - REGULATION BUILDING RELATIONSHIPS	New Beginnings See themselves as a valuable individual. Try new activities Being me in my world Class Rule Rules and Routines Supporting children to build relationships Dreams and Goals Know right from wrong Work towards simple goals Follow instructions	Getting on and falling out. How to deal with anger Emotions Self - Confidence Build constructive and respectful relationships. Ask children to explain to others how they thought about a problem or an emotion and how they dealt with it. Preserve with challenging tasks Understand own and others feelings	their own feelings and those of others by giving explicit examp of how others might feel in	Healthy me Random acts of Kindness VI Looking after pets Looking After our Planet Ut Give children strategies for staying calm in the face of frustration. Talk them through why we take turns, wait politely, tidy up after ourselves.	Looking after others Friendships Dreams and Goals Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Discuss why we take turns, wait politely, tidy up after ourselves.	Taking part in sports day - Winning and loosing Changing me Look how far I've come! Model positive behaviour and highlight exemplary behaviour of children in class, narrating what was kind and considerate about the behaviour.	

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2		
GENERAL THEMES	WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT ?	HOW DOES THE WORLD CELEBRATE?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE ?		
PHYSICAL		hysical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally						

DEVELOPMENT

throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

FINE MOTOR

Continuously check the process of children's handwriting (pencil grip and letter formation, including directionality). Provide extra help and guidance when needed

> GROSS MOTOR

Dialing the phone Turning doorknobs keys and locks Buttoning and unbuttoning Opening and closing zippers Threading, cutting, weaving, Picking up small foods i.e. Raisins Stacking Blocks **Dressing dolls** playdough, Fine Motor activities. Manipulate objects with good fine motor skills

Draw lines and circles using gross motor movements Hold pencil/paint brush beyond whole hand grasp Pencil Grip

games Climbing – outdoor equipment

Different ways of moving to be explored with children Changing for PE / Help individual children to develop good personal hygiene. Acknowledge and praise their efforts. Provide regular reminders about thorough handwashing and toileting.

Building with lego Playing Puppets Stringing beads Musical instruments Turning book pages Using cutlery Pouring drinks

Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Develop muscle tone to put pencil pressure on paper Use tools to effect changes to materials Show preference for dominant hand Engage children in structured activities: guide them in what to draw, write or copy. Teach and model correct letter formation.

spoon Stiring, mixing and whisking Pasting and gluing Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities Begin to form letters correctly Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials with increasing control Encourage children to draw freely.

Using a ladle, tongues or large

Holding Small Items / Button Clothing / **Cutting with Scissors**

Sculpting with clay Rolling dice Spinning spinners Putting together a train track Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Hold pencil effectively with comfortable grip Forms recognisable letters most correctly formed

Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities Develop pencil grip and letter formation continually Use one hand consistently for fine motor tasks Cut along a straight line with scissors / Start to cut along a curved line, like a circle / Draw a cross

Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Form letters correctly Copy a square Begin to draw diagonal lines, like in a triangle / Start to colour inside the lines of a picture Start to draw pictures that are recognisable / Build things with smaller linking blocks, such as Duplo or Lego

Cooperation games i.e. parachute

Ball skills- throwing and catching. Crates play- climbing. Skipping ropes in outside area dance related activities Provide a range of wheeled resources for children to balance, sit or ride on, or pull and push. Two-wheeled balance bikes and pedal bikes without stabilisers. skateboards, wheelbarrows, prams

and carts are all good options

Ball skills- aiming, dribbling, pushing, throwing & catching, patting, or kicking Ensure that spaces are accessible to children with varying confidence levels, skills and needs. Provide a wide range of activities

to support a broad range of abilities. Dance / moving to music Gymnastics ./ Balance

Balance- children moving with confidence dance related activities Provide opportunities for children to, spin, rock, tilt, fall, slide and bounce.

Use picture books and other resources to explain the importance of the different aspects of a healthy lifestyle.

Obstacle activities children moving over, under, through and around equipment Encourage children to be highly active and get out of breath several times every day. Provide opportunities for children to, spin, rock, tilt, fall, slide and bounce. Dance / moving to music

Races / team games involving gross motor movements dance related activities Allow less competent and confident children to spend time initially observing and listening, without feeling pressured to join

Gymnastics ./ Balance

From Development Matters 20':



	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT?	HOW DOES THE WORLD CELEBRATE?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE ?
LITERACY	only develops when adults talk with	a life-long love of reading. Reading cons children about the world around them unciation of unfamiliar printed words (d	and the books (stories and non-fiction)	they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, familiar printed words. Writing involves	poems and songs together. Skilled word	d reading, taught later, involves both
COMPREHENSION - DEVELOPING A PASSION FOR READING Children will visit the library weekly WORD	Joining in with rhymes and showing an interest in stories with repeated refrains. Environment print. Having a favourite story/rhyme. Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book Sequencing familiar stories through the use of pictures to tell the story. Recognising initial sounds. Name writing activities. Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.	Retell stories related to events through acting/role play. Christmas letters/lists. Retelling stories using images / apps. Use of Fantastics Lenses to discuss stories. Use talk for writing to retell the story – Story Maps. Retelling of stories. Editing of story maps and orally retelling new stories. Non-Fiction Focus Retelling of stories. Sequence story – use vocabulary of beginning, middle and end. Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter– sound correspondences. Enjoys an increasing range of books	Making up stories with themselves as the main character. Encourage children to record stories through picture drawing/mark making for LAs. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Read a few common exception words matched to RWI. Make the books available for children to share at school and at home. Encourage children to read and share books at home with their grown ups. World Book Day	Information leaflets about dinosaurs Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events	Stories from other cultures and traditions Retell a story with actions and / or picture prompts as part of a group-Use story language when acting out a narrative. Rhyming words. Parents reading stories Can explain the main events of a story - Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story. May include labels, sentences or captions. Princess and Prince Day.	Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events & respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions and reactions. Make predictions Beginning to understand that a non-fiction is a non-story- it gives information instead. Fiction means story Can point to front cover, back cover, spine, blurb, illustration, illustrator, author and title.
Children will be working in different groups for Read Write Inc. SH – Focus on consolidation of	Phonic Sounds: Phase 2 s,a,t,p,I,n,m,d,g,o,c,k,ck,e,u,r,h, b,f,I. Tricky words: the, is, I Reading: Initial sounds, oral blending, CVC sounds, reciting	Phonic Sounds: ff, II, ss, j, v, w, x, y, z, zz, qu, words with s at the end, ch, sh, th, ng, nk, plurals. Reading: Blending CVC sounds, rhyming, alliteration, knows that print is read from left to right.	Phonic Sounds: ff, ll, ss, j, v, w, x, y, zz, qu, ch, sh, th, nq, nk and plurals. Trick words: put, pull, full, l, is, as, has, his, her, go, no, to, into, she, push, he, of, we, me, be.	Phonic Sounds: ai, ee, igh, oa, oo, oo, ar, or, ur, ow, oi, ear, air, er, double letters, and longer words. Tricky words: was, you, they, my, by, all, are, sure, pure. Reading: Story structure-beginning,	Phonic Sounds: Phase 4 CVCC words with short vowels, CVCC words, CCVCC words, Phase 4 longer words compound words, words ending -ing, -ed/t, ed/id, - est.	Phonic Sounds: Phase 4 CVCC and CCVC words with long vowel sounds, CCV/CCVCC/CCVC words, words ending in s /s/ /z/, review words endings –es, longer words, root words (-ing, -ed, -er, -est)

Reading: Rhyming strings, common

theme, identifying characters and

settings.

Children to become familiar with

recognizing all alphabet sounds and

recognise some digraphs

Tricky words review of all learnt.

Reading: Non-fiction texts, Internal

blending, Naming letters of the

alphabet. Distinguishing capital

letters and lower case letters.

Note correspondences between

letters and sounds that are unusual

or that they have not yet been

taught, such as 'do', 'said', 'were'.

Tricky words: review of all learnt.

Reading: Reading simple sentences

with fluency. Reading CVCC and

CCVC words confidently.

End of term assessments

Transition work with Year 1 staff

middle, end. Innovating and

retelling stories to an audience,

non-fiction books.

Listen to children read a range of

words and being to be secure in

reading and writing words

containing constant digraphs.

Publi

set 1 sounds and Set 2 Sounds,

Green words . Ditty sheets,

introduction of Red Ditty Books

and Purple books for more

confident readers.

know stories, listening to stories

with attention and recall.

Help children to read the sounds

speedily. This will make sound-

blending easier

Listen to children read aloud,

ensuring books are consistent with

their developing phonic

knowledge

Spotting diagraphs in words.

Show children how to touch each

finger as they say each sound. For

phase 2 tricky words.



Message centre!

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEME	WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT?	HOW DOES THE WORLD CELEBRATE?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE ?
WRITING	Toute as a Stimulum	Texts as a Stimulus: Pumpkin soup Sparks in the sky The poppy story Rama and Sita	Texts as a Stimulus: Emperors Egg A planet full of plastic Somebody swallowed Stanley	Texts as a Stimulus: Three Billy Goats Gruff Goldilocks and the Three Bears. The Gingerbread Man.	Texts as a Stimulus: Jack and the Beanstalk The Enormous Turnip The Tiny Seed	Texts as a Stimulus: Explorers of the wild Super worm We're going on a bear hunt
TFW USED AS STIMULUS THE YEAR	and label using initial sounds. List writing	Mr Birthday Little Miss Birthday Santa Post The Christmas Story.	There's no place like Space. Changes in state and winter weather Information booklet on	Design and label bridge. Wanted poster for the troll	Story maps Descriptive writing – Describe castle Story sequencing and capion writing	List writing Map making Recount of outdoor adventure. Wanted poster
TEXTS MAY DUE T (HILD INTERESTS Only ask children to write sei	talking about key features of homes. Describe and label their clay	Bonfire safety poster Design a war medal and write thank you letters	recycling Poster to stop littering at the beach.	Instruction writing for porridge Create own ending to story.	Instructions What happens next – story endings Fact files on the life cycle of	Design and describe your own super insect. Recount Create your own adventure.
when they have sufficient known letter-sound corresponder	wledge of	Story sequencing	Design and describe your own alien.	Story sequencing	a plant.	
	Instructions for growing own vegetables. Dominant hand, tripod grip, mark making, giving meaning to marks and labelling. Shopping lists,	Writing birthday cards and invitations Writing letters to Santa Name writing, labelling using initial sounds, story scribing. Retelling stories in writing	Space fact file. Writing some of the tricky words such as I, me, my, like, to, the. Writing CVC words, Labels using CVC, CVCC, CCVC words.	Recount. Creating own story maps, writing captions and labels, writing simple sentences. Writing short sentences to accompany story maps. Order the Easter story.	Writing recipes, lists. Writing for a purpose in role play using phonetically plausible attempts at words, beginning to use finger spaces. Form lower-case and capital letters correctly.	Story writing, writing sentences using a range of tricky words that are spelt correctly. Beginning to use full stops, capital letters and finger spaces. Innovation of familiar texts Using familiar
ubl	Writing initial sounds and simple captions. Use initial sounds to label characters / images. Silly soup. Names Labels. Captions Lists Diagrams Messages – Create a	Help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell. Kinetic Letters Focus: Strength & Dexterity	Guided writing based around developing short sentences in a meaningful context. Create a story board. Kinetic Letters Focus: Strength & Writing position	Labels and captions Write 2 sentences Kinetic Letters Focus: Strength and Dexterity		texts as a model for writing own stories. Write three sentences — B, M & E.

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2			
GENERAL THEMES	WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT ?	HOW DOES THE WORLD CELEBRATE?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE ?	WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE?			
MATHS	understanding of the numbers t using manipulatives, includin addition, it is important that	Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently , develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10 , the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives , including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics , look for patterns and relationships , spot connections , 'have a go' , talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.							
White Rose Maths Mathematics Mastery	Match sort and compare Talk about measure and patterns	Its me 1,2,3 Circles and Triangles 1,2,3,4,5, Shapes with 4 sides	Alive in 5 Mass and capacity Growing 6,7,8 Length Height and time	Length Height and time Building 9 and 10 Exploring 3D shapes	To 20 and beyond How many now Manipulate, compose and decompose Sharing and Grouping	Sharing and grouping Visualise build and map Make connections			

AUTUMN 2 SPRING 1 SPRING 2 SUMMER 1 SUMMER 2 HOW DOES THE WORLD DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES? DO ALL HEROES WEAR LIVE? CELEBRATE? CAPES? LIVE?

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them –

from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD RE / FESTIVALS

GENERAL THEMES

Our RE Curriculum enables children to develop a positive sense of themselves and others and learn how to form positive and respectful relationships.

They will begin to understand and value the differences of individuals and groups within their own community.

Children will have opportunity to develop their emerging moral and cultural awareness.

 Identifying their family. Commenting on photos of their family; naming who they can see and of what relation they are to them.

AUTUMN 1

WHAT MAKES US

DIFFERENT?

- Can talk about what they do with their family and places they have been with their family. Can draw similarities and make comparisons between other families. Name and describe people who are familiar to them
- Read fictional stories about families and start to tell the difference between real and fiction. Talk about members of their immediate family and community.
- Navigating around our classroom and outdoor areas. Create treasure hunts to find places/ objects within our learning environment.
- Introduce children to different occupations and how they use transport to help them in their jobs.
- Listen out for and make note of children's discussion between themselves regarding their experience of past birthday celebrations.
- Long ago How time has changed. Using cameras.

- Can talk about what they have done with their families during Christmas' in the past.
- Show photos of how Christmas used to be celebrated in the past. Use world maps to show children where some stories are based. Use the Jolly Postman to draw information from a map and begin to understand why maps are so important to postmen.
- Share different cultures versions of famous fairy tales.
- To introduce children to a range of fictional characters and creatures from stories and to begin to differentiate these characters from real people in their lives.
- Stranger danger (based on Jack and the beanstalk). Talking about occupations and how to identify strangers that can help them when they are in need.

- Listening to stories and placing events in chronological order.
- What can we do here to take care of animals in the jungle?
- Compare animals from a jungle to those on a farm.
- Explore a range of jungle animals.
 Learn their names and label their body parts. Could include a trip to the zoo.
- Nocturnal Animals Making sense of different environments and habitats
- Use images, video clips, shared texts and other resources to bring the wider world into the classroom.
 Listen to what children say about what they see
- Listen to children describing and commenting on things they have seen whilst outside, including plants and animals.
- After close observation, draw pictures of the natural world, including animals and plants

- Trip to our local park (to link with seasons); discuss what we will see on our journey to the park and how we will get there.
- Introduce the children to recycling and how it can take care of our world.
 Look at what rubbish can do to our environment and animals. Create opportunities to discuss how we care for the natural world around us.
- Can children make comments on the weather, culture, clothing, housing.
- Change in living things Changes in the leaves, weather, seasons,
- Explore the world around us and see how it changes as we enter Summer.
 Provide opportunities for children to note and record the weather.
- o Building a 'Bug Hotel'
- Draw children's attention to the immediate environment, introducing and modelling new vocabulary where appropriate.
- Encourage interactions with the outdoors to foster curiosity and give children freedom to touch, smell and hear the natural world around them during hands-on experiences.
- Look for children incorporating their understanding of the seasons and weather in their play.
- Use the BeeBots

- Use Handa's Surprise to explore a different country.
- Discuss how they got to school and what mode of transport they used. Introduce the children to a range of transport and where they can be found.
- Look at the difference between transport in this country and one other country. Encourage the children to make simple comparisons.
- Use bee-bots on simple maps.
 Encourage the children to use navigational language.
- Can children talk about their homes and what there is to do near their homes?
- Look out for children drawing/painting or constructing their homes.
- Encourage them to comment on what their home is like. Show photos of the children's homes and encourage them to draw comparisons.
- Environments Features of local environment Maps of local area Comparing places on Google Earth – how are they similar/different?
- Introduce the children to NASA and America.
- Introduce children to significant figures who have been to space and begin to understand that these events happened before they were born.
- Can children differentiate between land and water.
- Take children to places of worship and places of local importance to

- To understand where dinosaurs are now and begin to understand that they were alive a very long time ago.
- Learn about what a palaeontologist is and how they explore really old artefacts. Introduce Mary Anning as the first female to find a fossil.
- Materials: Floating / Sinking boat building Metallic / non-metallic objects
- o Seasides long ago Magic Grandad
- Share non-fiction texts that offer an insight into contrasting environments.
- Listen to how children communicate their understanding of their own environment and contrasting environments through conversation and in play.





SUMMER 2

GENERAL THEMES

WHAT MAKES US DIFFERENT?

join in with role play

games and use resources

available for props; build

models using construction

equipment.

Sing call-and-response

songs, so that children can

echo phrases of songs you

sing.

Self-portraits, junk

modelling, take picture of

children's creations and

record them explaining

what they did.

Exploring sounds and how

they can be changed,

tapping out of simple

rhythms.

Provide opportunities to

work together to develop

and realise creative ideas.

Making clay houses for

the Three little pigs.

HOW DOES THE WORLD

(FIFBRATE?

DO ALL HEROES WEAR CAPES?

DO ALL HEROES WEAR
(APFS?

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide

range of **media and materials**. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, **self-expression**, **vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts**. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Give children an insight into new musical worlds. Invite musicians in to play music to children and talk about it. Encourage children to listen attentively to music. Discuss changes and patterns as a piece of music develops.

WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE?

SUMMER 1

WHERE DO ANIMALS LIVE?

EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN

Painting, 3D modelling, messy play, collage, cutting, drama, role play, threading, moving to music, clay sculptures, following music patterns with instruments, singing songs linked to topics, making instruments, percussion.

Children to produce a piece of art work each half term to be displayed for 'Celebration wall' for school / parents to show how drawings have developed - lots of links to Fine Motor Skills. Children to explain their work to others. Children will have opportunities to learn and perform songs, nursery rhymes and poetry linked to their work / interests and passions.

Join in with songs; Diva lamps and lanterns beginning to mix colours,

Christmas cards

Listen to music and make their own dances in response.

Firework pictures, Christmas decorations, Christmas cards, Divas, Christmas songs/poems

Making poppies using range of materials.

The use of story maps, props, puppets & story bags will encourage children to retell, invent and adapt stories.

Role Play Party's and Celebrations Role Play of The Nativity Designing homes for hibernating animals. Habitat making using junk modelling

Children will be encouraged to select the tools and techniques they need to assemble materials that they are using e.g creating animal masks.

Painting using different brushes and equipment. Animal observational drawing

Igloo making using different materials. Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue.

Make different textures; make patterns using different colours- design and make owl babies.

Pastel drawings of dinosaurs. Collage-dinosaurs.

Dinosaur fossil and bones making

Make a dinosaur habitat

Provide a wide range of props for play which encourage imagination.

Easter bonnet making.

Castle design and making

Making magical harps using different materials. Colour mixing and printing using vegetables.

Role play –castles

Design and make vegetable soup

Observational drawings/painting of flowers.

Seed collage – explore and use different seeds.

Map making using materials.

Design and make stick friends to take on your adventure.

Creative art using different materials and textures found outdoors.

Design and make magic wands – Linked to wizard lizard.

Make your own super insect – clay/playdough.

Create your own adventure box. Passport making Exploration of other countries – dressing up in different costumes.
Retelling familiar stories Provide children with a range of materials for



EARLY LEARNING COALS - FOR THE END OF THE YEAR - HOLISTIC / BEST FIT JUDGEMENT!

COMMUNICATION AND

LLU. Listening, Attention and Understanding

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions

Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding

Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers

ELG: Speaking

Participate in small group, class and oneto-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.

Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.

Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences. including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

PERSONAL, SOCIAL, ONAL DEVELOPMENT

ELG: Self-Regulation

Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.

Set and work towards simple goals. being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.

Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

ELG: Managing Self

Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.

Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.

Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG: Building Relationships

Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.

Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers;.

Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Negotiate space and

obstacles safely, with

consideration for themselves

and others.

Demonstrate strength,

balance and coordination

when playing.

Move energetically, such as

running, jumping, dancing,

hopping, skipping and

climbing.

ELG: Fine Motor Skills

Hold a pencil effectively in

preparation for fluent writing

- using the tripod grip in

almost all cases.

Use a range of small tools,

including scissors, paint

brushes and cutlery.

Begin to show accuracy and

care when drawing.

LITERACY

ELG: Comprehension

Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.

Anticipate - where appropriate - key events in stories

Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.

ELG: Word Reading

Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.

Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.

Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words

ELG: Writing

Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.

Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.

Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

MATHS

Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number:

Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5; -Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

FLG: Numerical Patterns

Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system; - Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.

Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD

ELG: Past and Present

Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.

Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storvtelling.

ELG: People, Culture and Communities

Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, nonfiction texts and maps.

Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and - when appropriate - maps.

ELG: The Natural World

Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and

Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESTGN

ELG: Creating with Materials

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

Share their creations, explaining the process they have used: -Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive

Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and when appropriate - try to move in time with music